

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/176,866	10/22/1998	JAMES V. YOUNG	6996	2374	
1688	7590 11/29/2004		EXAMI	EXAMINER	
POLSTER, LIEDER, WOODRUFF & LUCCHESI 12412 POWERSCOURT DRIVE SUITE 200			DEMILLE, D	DEMILLE, DANTON D	
	MO 63131-3615		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3764		
			DATE MAILED: 11/29/2004	33	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		4			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/176,866	YOUNG, JAMES V.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
)	Danton DeMille	3764			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	_,				
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-7,9 and 15-21 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-7,9 and 15-21 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)		ı			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:				



Application/Control Number: 09/176,866

Art Unit: 3764

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

The specification is objected to as failing to provide an adequate written description 2. of the invention. There is no support in the specification for the invention as now claimed. There is no support for the applicator and connection tube to being substantially free of any structure that would block the entry of the contaminants into the connection tube. In fact the opposite would appear to be true for the applicator as disclosed. In figure 8 for example, as the contaminants would be sucked into the applicator through holes 56', 56'' they would impact the back wall because the connection tube is spaced a distance away from the entrance of the applicator head. As shown by the arrows in the drawing the path of the contaminants would take a very abrupt right turn just after entering the applicator head. The inertia of most contaminants would impact the back wall of the applicator head thereby preventing most contaminants from ever reaching the connection tube. Moreover, the size and location of the connection tube being small and located distant from the location where the contaminants would first enter the head would preclude contaminants from reaching the connection tube. The same would be true for the embodiment of figure 5 since the connection tube is at right angles to the direction of flow of contaminants entering the applicator head. The location of the connection tube in the side wall of the applicator head would also impede smooth continuous flow of contaminants.

Claims 1-7, 9 and 15-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing Art Unit: 3764 to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The new claim language is not supported by the specification as originally

- The amendment filed 7/23/04 is objected to under 35 U.S.C. 132 because it disclosed as noted above. introduces new matter into the disclosure. 35 U.S.C. 132 states that no amendment shall 4. introduce new matter into the disclosure of the invention. The added material which is not supported by the original disclosure is as follows: the applicator and connection tube being substantially free of any structure that would block the entry of the contaminants into the
 - Applicant is required to cancel the new matter in the reply to this Office Action. connection tube. 5.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- Claims 1 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by 6.
- Applicant's structure includes a back wall to which the contaminants would impact as Holt. they are being sucked into the applicator. The contaminants of Holt would follow a very similar path as applicant's. The contaminants would have to take the same abrupt right turn just after entering the applicator just as applicant's. Holt's structure would not appear to be significantly any different from applicant's arrangement. Therefore it is maintained that Holt anticipates the



Application/Control Number: 09/176,866

Art Unit: 3764

invention as claimed, as confirmed by the Board of Appeals and as set forth in the Examiner's Answer and previous final rejection.

- 8. Claims 2 and 3 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Holt as confirmed by the Board of Appeals and as set forth in the Examiner's Answer and previous final rejection.
- 9. Claims 4 and 5 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Holt in view of Howerin as confirmed by the Board of Appeals and as set forth in the Examiner's Answer and previous final rejection.
- 10. Claims 6, 7, 9 and 15-18 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Holt in view of Marshall et al. and Rohrer as confirmed by the Board of Appeals and as set forth in the Examiner's Answer and previous final rejection.
- 11. Claims 19 and 20 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the references as applied to claim 18 above, and further in view of Howerin as confirmed by the Board of Appeals and as set forth in the Examiner's Answer and previous final rejection.
- 12. To any extent the claims somehow define over Holt's device the following appears appropriate.
- 13. Claims 1, 3 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Birrell in view of Holt.
- 14. Birrell teaches an applicator that includes a massage head 38 driven by a motor through a cable 21. The applicator and connection tube of Birrell would appear to be even more substantially free of any structure that would block the entry of contaminants into the connection



Application/Control Number: 09/176,866

Art Unit: 3764

tube than applicant's. The connection tube of Birrell is located at less of an angle from the apertures in the head of the applicator. The contaminants would be more free of obstruction as they enter the connection tube from the head than applicant's invention by the virtue of the more direct line into the connection tube.

- 15. The only difference between Birrell and the claimed invention may be the type of motor used. Birrell uses a hydropowered motor to provide the rotation of the cable. Holt teaches an electronic motor. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Birrell to use an electric motor as taught by Holt to free one's dependence on having to use a pressurized water source.
- 16. Regarding claim 3, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to further modify Birrell to provide a collection vile for the vacuum in order to catch any uncollected particulate matter from contaminating the motor.
- 17. Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Birrell in view of Holt as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Howerin.
- 18. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to further modify Birrell to provide a second vile in the vacuum line to collect any liquids as taught by Howerin to catch any liquid to prevent damage or impairing the function of the motor.
- 19. Claims 2, 6, 7, 9 and 15-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Birrell in view of Holt as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Marshall et al. and Rohrer.
- 20. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to further modify Birrell to use a motor control system as taught by Marshall to best control the operation of the device and

Art Unit: 3764

to shape the applicator to be concave as taught by Rohrer to better conform to the shape of the human body.

- 21. Claims 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Birrell in view of Holt as applied to claim 18 above, and further in view of Howerin.
- 22. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to further modify Birrell to provide a second vial in the vacuum line taught by Howerin to catch any liquid to prevent damage or impairing its efficiency.

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